

How do the semantic properties of visual explanations guide causal inference?

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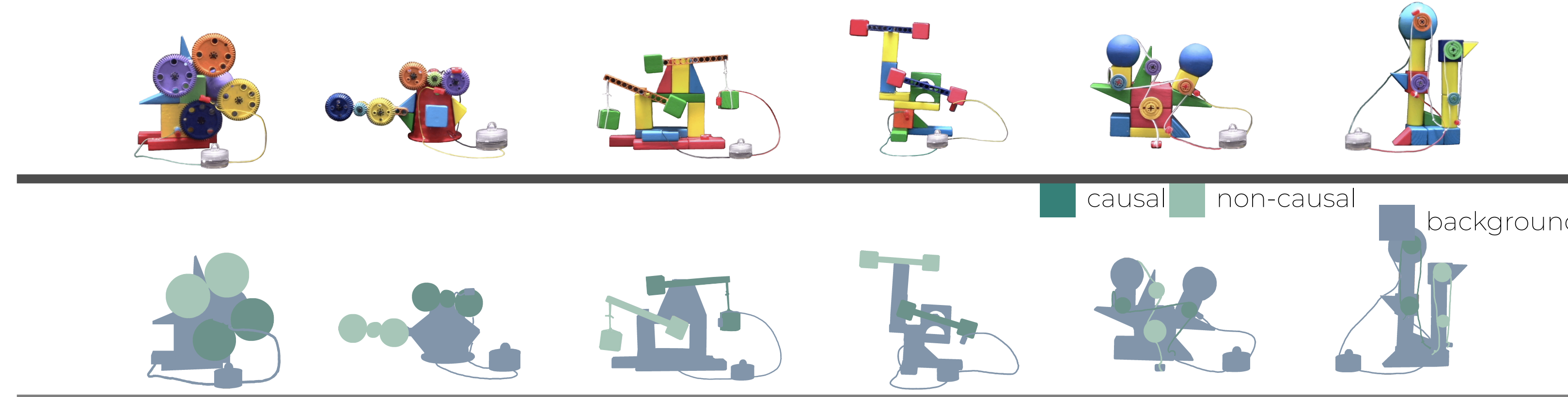


Questions

- What distinguishes **visual explanations** that explain how novel mechanical systems work from drawings that depict how those same systems look?
- How do the semantic properties of visual explanations guide how naive viewers use them?

Procedure

- Experimental manipulation of communicative goals**
Obtained dataset of 150 visual explanations + 150 depictions machines



Half the mechanical elements were causal (i.e., activate light bulb); half were not
Crowdsourced semantic annotations of how each stroke in the drawings corresponded to the different parts of the machines

- Evaluation of functional value of drawings for downstream tasks**
 - Naive viewers identified which machine each drawing represented;
 - identified which element to intervene on;
 - how to intervene on the machines to produce an effect

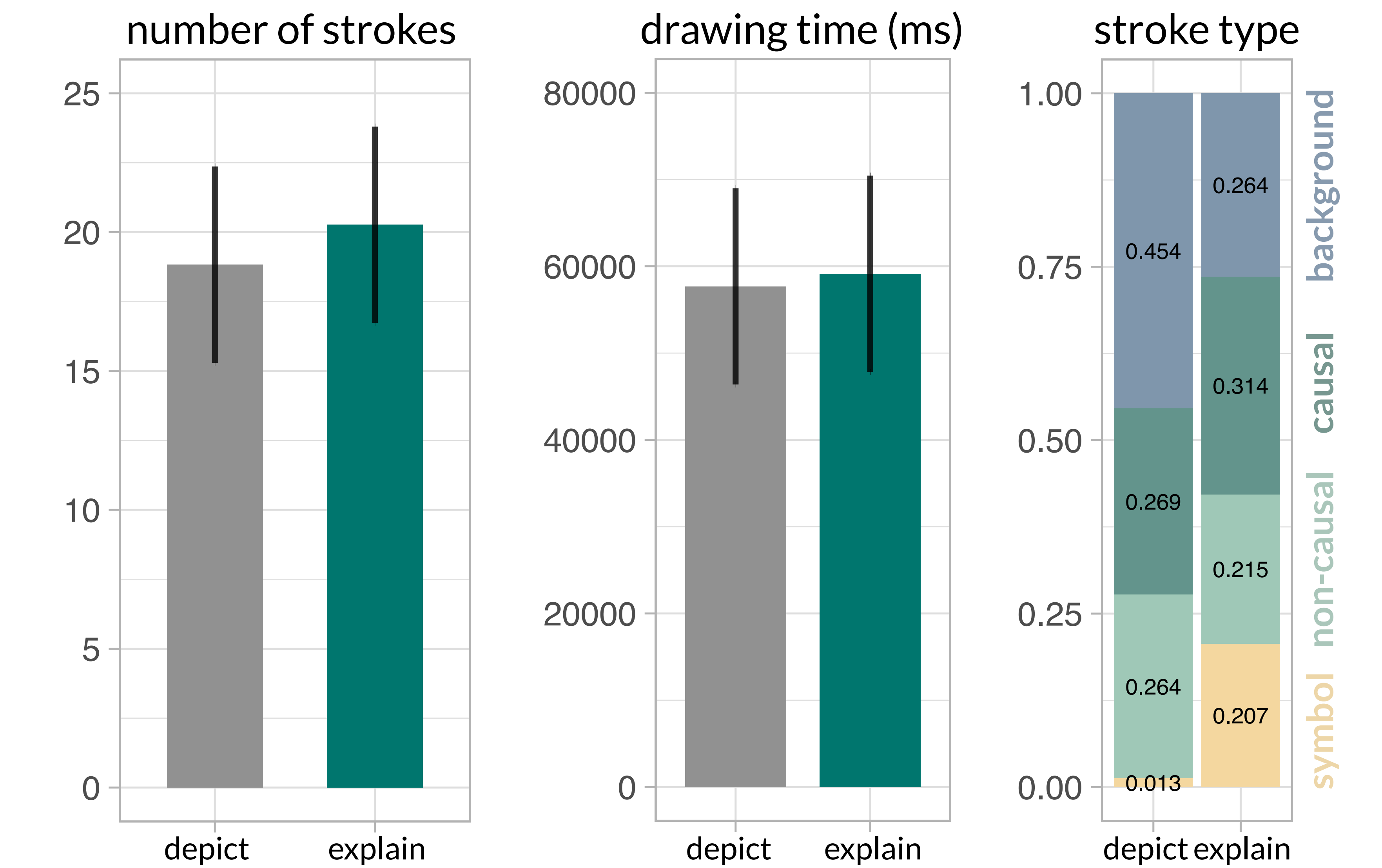
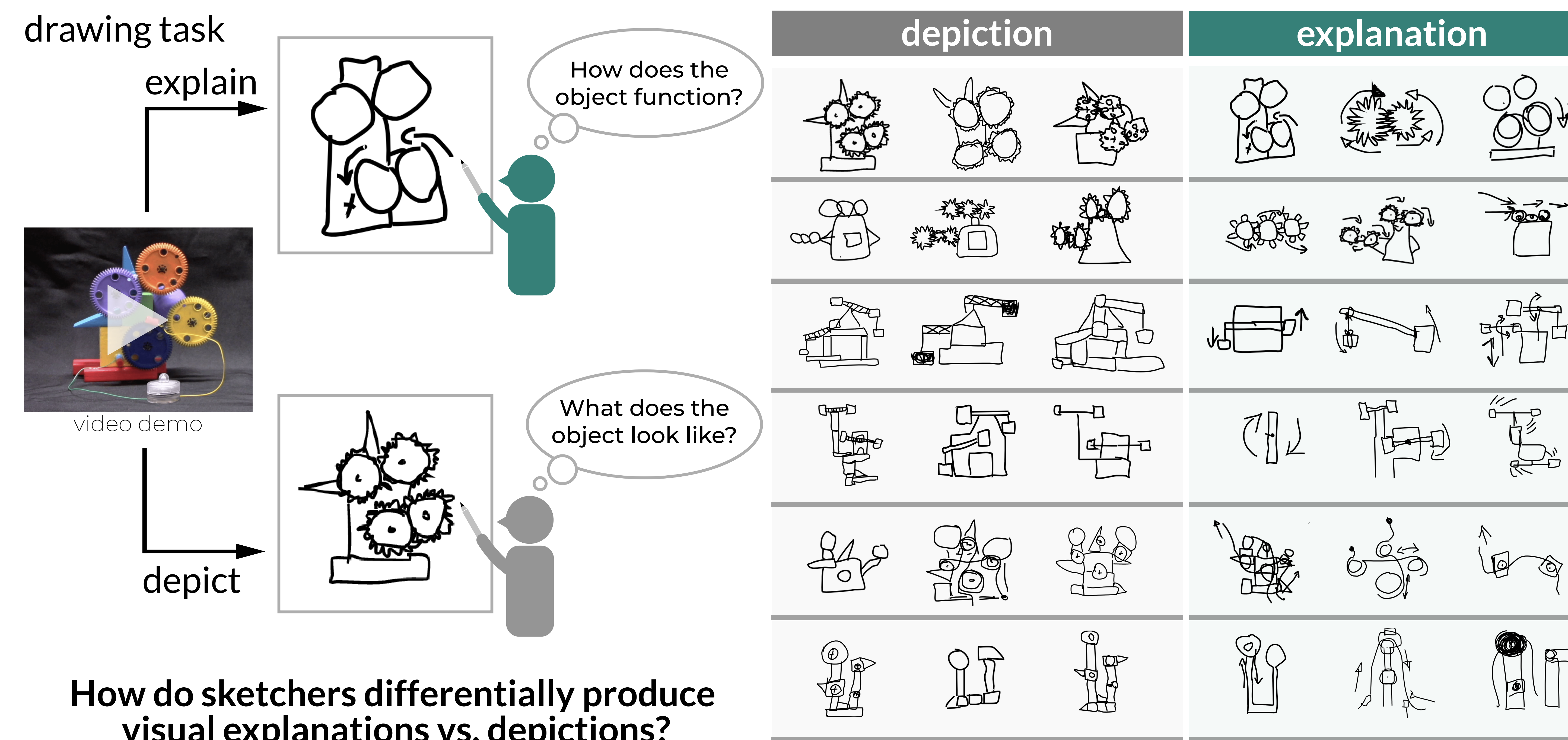
Discussion

Goal to convey causal knowledge systematically shifts drawings toward more abstract, functional information.

Visual explanations are more successful at conveying the *kind* of action to take than which element to intervene on in a mechanical system.

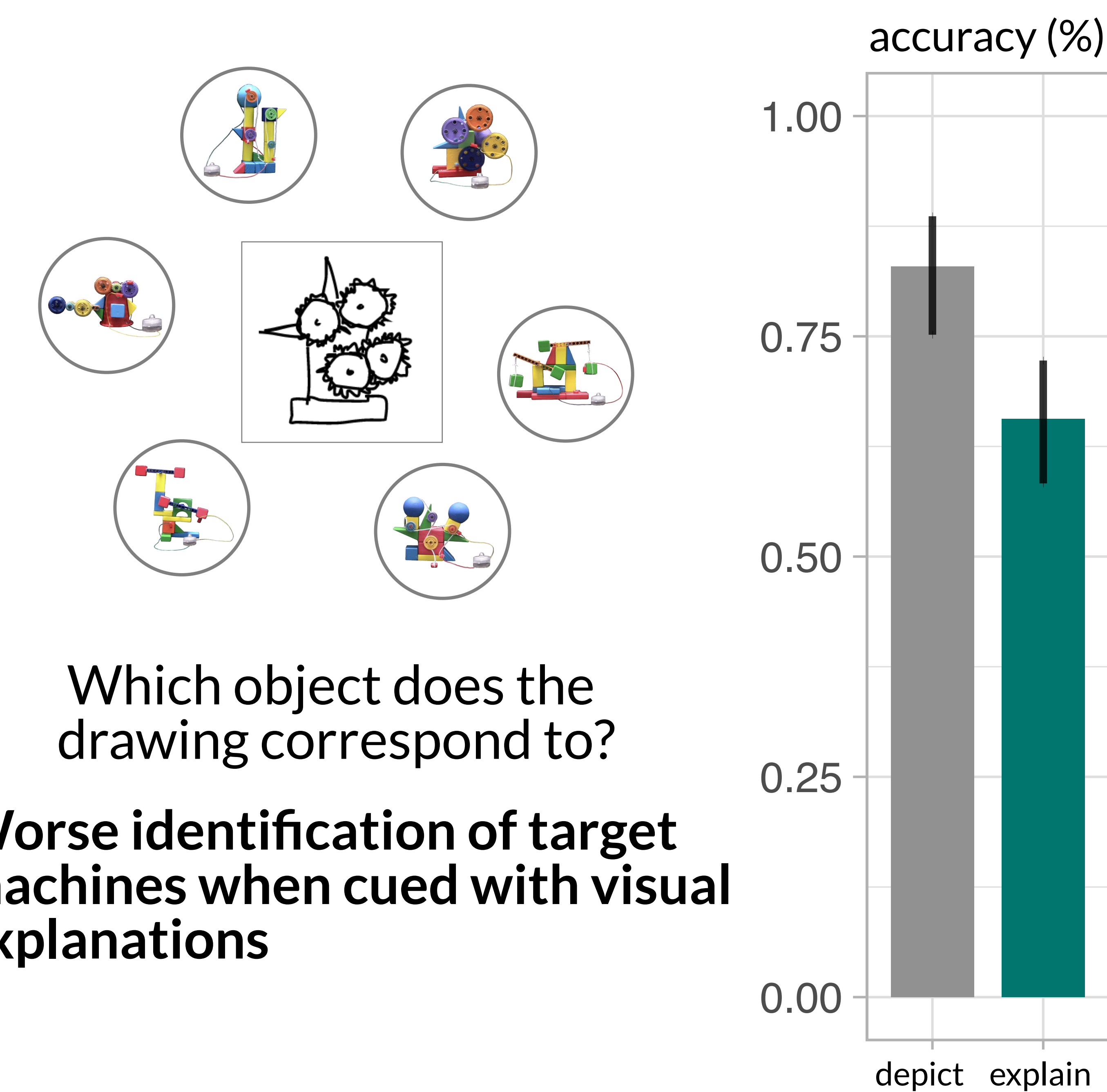
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1 Visual Production Behavior

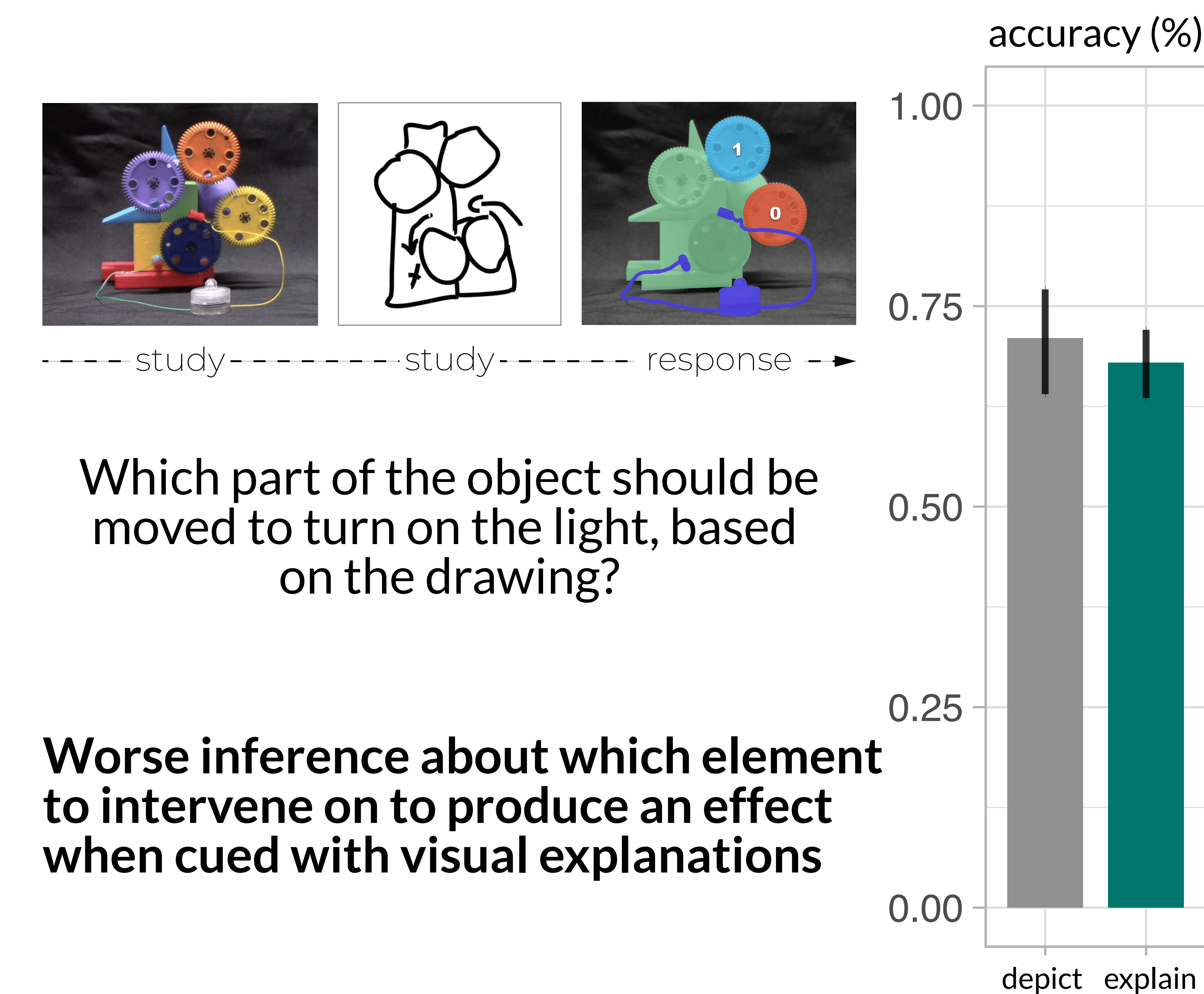


Similar number of strokes & amount of drawing time
Visual explanations emphasized causal features & symbols, but at an expense to structural features

2.1 Object Identification



2.2 Causal Inference



2.3 Causal Intervention

